

U.S. Application Ser. No. 10/781,385

Group Art Unit: 1714

Examiner: Lang, Amy T.

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#### IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

First Named

Inventor

Richard O. Ruhr

Appln. No.

10/781,385

Filed

February 18, 2004

Title

CONVEYOR LUBRICANTS FOR USE

IN THE FOOD AND BEVERAGE

INDUSTRIES

Docket No.

E260.12-0014

## DECLARATION OF RICHARD O. RUHR

I, Richard O. Ruhr, 2864 Colbert Avenue NW, Buffalo, Minnesota, 55313, hereby declare as follows:

- 1. I am one of the inventors of the subject matter disclosed and claimed in U.S. Patent Application Ser. No. 10/781,385.
- 2. The DEGRESSAL® SD 20 used in Examples 1-4 is a C<sub>9</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> propoxylated alcohol having 9 propoxy groups. Please see attached Exhibit A.
- 3. The TRITON® EF 19 used in Comparative Example J is a C<sub>8</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxylated alcohol having a mixture of ethoxy and propoxy groups. Please see attached Exhibit B.
- 4. I caused to be prepared the compositions of Example 1, Comparative Example L, and Comparative Example J having varying component concentrations of oleyl ether carboxylate (10 moles ethoxylation), sodium alkyl naphthalene sulfonate (50%)

active), C<sub>9</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> propoxylated alcohol, C<sub>8</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxylated alcohol, low foam surfactant concentrate proprietary amine based gemini surfactant, chloralyl triaza azoniaadamentane, dodecyl/tetradecyloxypropyl-1,3-diaminopropane, phosphated amine oxide, dicarboxylic acid mixture, sodium gluconate (granular), sodium laureth-13-carboxylate, water (zeolite), and sodium hydroxide.

- 5. Example 1 and Comparative Example L had varying component concentrations of sodium alkyl naphthalene sulfonate (50% active), C<sub>9</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> propoxylated alcohol, C<sub>8</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxylated alcohol, chloralyl triaza azoniaadamentane, sodium laureth-13-carboxylate, water (zeolite), and sodium hydroxide. The sodium alkyl naphthalene sulfonate (50% active) functions solely as a coupling agent and would have no effect on the foam destabilizing properties of a composition. Chloralyl triaza azoniaadamentane functions solely as a preservative and would have no effect on the foam destabilizing properties of a composition. Sodium laureth-13-carboxylate functions solely as a surfactant and would have no effect on the foam destabilizing properties of a composition would have no effect on the foam destabilizing properties of a composition (zeolite). Sodium hydroxide functions solely as a pH adjuster and would have no effect on the foam destabilizing properties of a composition.
- 6. The compositions of Example 1 and Comparative Example L illustrate an appropriate comparison of the enhanced ability of a C<sub>9</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> propoxylated alcohol, as compared to a C<sub>8</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxylated alcohol, to function as a foam destabilizer.
- 7. Example 1 and Comparative Example J had varying component concentrations of sodium alkyl naphthalene sulfonate (50% active), C<sub>9</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> propoxylated alcohol, low foam surfactant concentrate, proprietary amine based gemini surfactant, chloralyl triaza azoniaadamentane, water (zeolite), and sodium hydroxide. The sodium alkyl

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naphthalene sulfonate (50% active) functions solely as a coupling agent and would have no effect on the foam destabilizing properties of a composition. Chloralyl triaza azoniaadamentane functions solely as a preservative and would have no effect on the foam destabilizing properties of a composition. The amount of water present in the composition would have no effect on the foam destabilizing properties of a composition (zeolite). Sodium hydroxide functions solely as a pH adjuster and would have no effect on the foam destabilizing properties of a composition.

8. The compositions of Example 1 and Comparative Example J illustrate an appropriate comparison of the enhanced ability of a C<sub>9</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> propoxylated alcohol, as compared to a low foam surfactant concentrate and a proprietary amine based gemini surfactant, to function as a foam destabilizer.

I declare that all statements made herein that are of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that the statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the above-identified USPTO application or any patent issuing thereon.

Declarant:

Richard O. Ruhr
(Printed Name)

Declarant:

(Signature)

First Named Inventor: Richard O. Ruhr

Date: 4-16-07



183053

#### Material Safety Data Sheet

Page

BASF CORPORATION PERFORMANCE CHEMICALS

3000 CONTINENTAL DRIVE NORTH

MOUNT OLIVE, NJ 07828

Original Date: Revision Date:

01/26/1996

05/19/2001

(800) 443-6460

(800) 424-9300 CHEMTREC EMERGENCY TELEPHONE: (800) 832-HELP (BASF Hotline)

BOTH NUMBERS ARE AVAILABLE DAYS, NIGHTS, WEEKENDS, & HOLIDAYS.

#### SECTION 1 - PRODUCT INFORMATION

DEGRESSAL® SD 20 SURFACTANT

Product ID: NCS 019021 Common Chemical Name: PROPOXYLATED ALCOHOL

Synonyms: NONE

Molecular Formula:

Chemical Family: Non-ionic surfactant

Molecular Wt.:

SECTION 2 - INGREDI

Chemical Name:

ALCOHOLS, C9-11, PROPOXYL PEL/TLV NOT ESTABLISHED

BASTS

Ernesto Lipports
Sasa Alva 50-20 has
pegressal 50-20 has
a Moleadir Weight

(973-426-6730) SECTION 3 - PHYSICAL PROPMS = 863

Color: Clear Form/Appearance:

Odor:

Liquid

NOT AVAILABLE

1,320.0

Typical

Low/High

Specific Gravity:

pH:

0.96

SU

Typical Low/High

NOT AVAILABLE

Deg. Pressure

U.O.M.

Boiling Pt: Freezing Pt:

-50

C 760 MM HG

Decomp. Tmp:

NOT AVAILABLE

Insoluble

Solubility in Water Description:

#### SECTION 4 - FIRE AND EXPLOSION DATA

	Typical	Low/High	Deg.	Method
Flash Point:	225		C	DIN 51376
Autoignition:	280		С	DIN 51376

Extinguishing Media:

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Exhibit B (1/2)

1701638Ce



# THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET



Product Name: TRITON(TM) EF-19 Surfactant

MSDS#: 40516

Effective Date: 08/16/2002

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Dow (hereinafter, and for purposes of this MSDS only, refers to The Dow Chemical Company and to Dow Chemical Canada Inc.) encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire MSDS, as there is important information throughout the document. Dow expects you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

## 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

#### 1.1 IDENTIFICATION

**Product Name** 

TRITON(TM) EF-19 Surfactant

#### 1.2 COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

The Dow Chemical Company Midland, MI 48674

#### 1.3 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER

24-HOUR EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER: (989)636-4400.

Customer Information Number: 1-800-258-2436.

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\* or ® Indicates a Trademark of The Dow Chemical Company.

## **MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET**

Product Name: TRITON(TM) EF-19 Surfactant

**Effective Date: 08/16/2002** 

MSDS#: 40516

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## 2. COMPOSITION INFORMATION

Component	CAS#	Amount (%W/W)
Alcohols, C8-C10, ethoxylated propoxylated	68603-25-8	> 98 %
Polyethylene glycol	25322-68-3	< 2%

## 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### 3.1 EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Appearance

Yellow

Physical

Liquid

State

Odor

Mild

Hazards of product

CAUSES SEVERE EYE BURNS.

ct CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT IRRITATION.
MAY CAUSE SKIN IRRITATION.

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MAY BE HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED.

ISOLATE AREA.

KEEP UPWIND OF SPILL. SLIPPING HAZARD.

#### 3.2 POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

### **Effects of Single Acute Overexposure**

**Inhalation** Excessive exposure may cause severe irritation to the upper respiratory tract (nose and throat).